



IPMIView for SuperBlade™ Management User's Guide

Revision 2.16

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Manual Revision 2.16

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1 Introduction

SuperBlade Management is a newly added feature of IPMIView version 2.6. IPMIView sends messages to the CMM (Chassis Management Module) and receives messages in return. Here the messages represent the commands encapsulated in an RMCP+ (Remote Management Control Protocol) packet of the IPMI standard.

IPMIView monitors and reports on the status of a SuperBlade system, including the blade server, power supply, gigabit switch, InfiniBand and CMM modules. IPMIView presents the SuperBlade visually as a GUI for easy management. It is very practical in helping a user monitor and check the status of each blade module. IPMIView also supports remote KVM and Virtual Media.



Figure 1-1 SuperBlade

2 Controlling the Blade System


2.1 Adding a New CMM Module in IPMIView

A SuperBlade system has two CMM modules, with one as the master CMM and the other as the slave CMM. Only the master CMM provides full management of the SuperBlade system. For general SuperBlade management, you should connect to the master CMM. The slave CMM also operates when the SuperBlade is turned on. If the original master CMM is reset or hangs, the slave CMM will take over.

To add a new CMM module to the IPMI connection, follow these steps:

1. Start IPMIView.
2. In the IPMIView window, click **File**, select **New**, select **System**, and select **Add a new system**.
3. In the “Add a new system” dialog box, enter the name, IP address and description. Then click **OK**.

2.2 Login

In the IPMIView device list (Figure 2-1), a SuperBlade icon () appears after a CMM device is added. Double-click the icon, and the login screen displays.

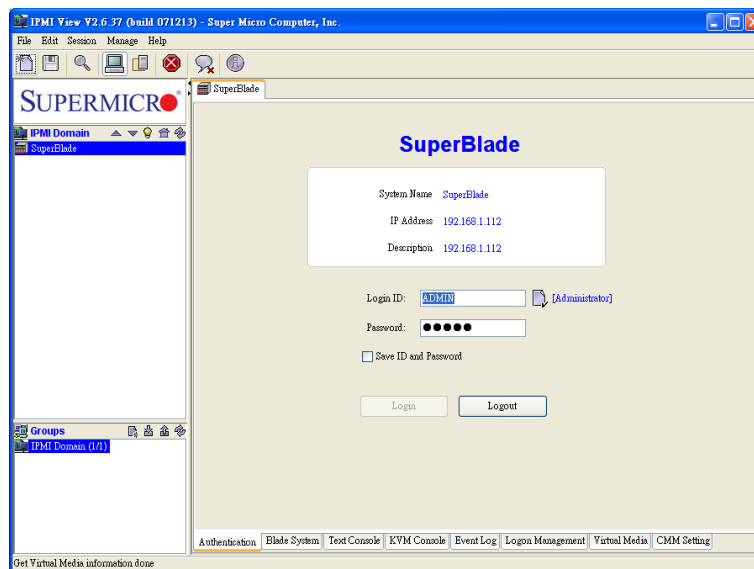


Figure 2-1 Login to SuperBlade

1. Type your username and password, and then click Login. Note that ADMIN is both the username and password by default.
2. Once you log in, you will be redirected to the Blade System tab (Figure 2-2). Several tabs also appear at the bottom of the window, including Blade System, Text Console, KVM Console, Event Log, Logon Management, Virtual Media and CMM Setting.

2.3 Blade System

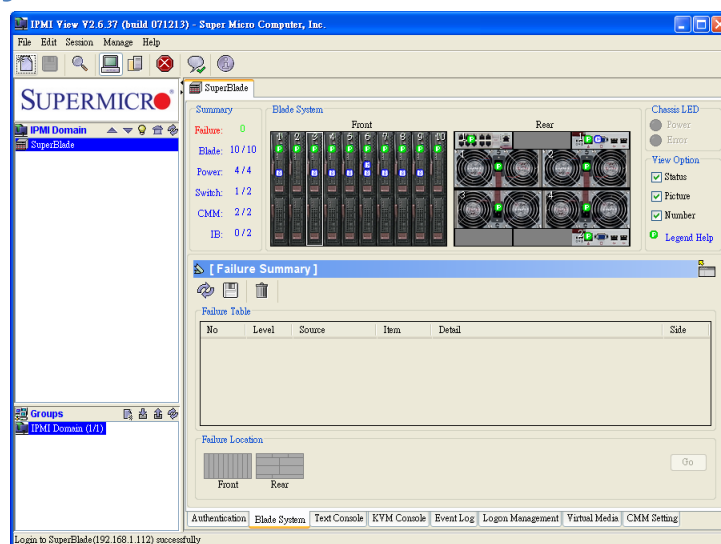



Figure 2-2 Blade System

On the Blade System tab you can manage and view the connected systems. The upper section displays the status of all blades being monitored. Any changes to the SuperBlade will be reflected in this view. For example, if blade module 1 is removed, the blade 1 icon here is grayed out. If blade module 10 is turned off, the power symbol for blade 10 turns amber.

Different types of blade modules can occupy the same blade system. If you install a different type of blade module, its icon in the Blade System View will likewise appear slightly different due to its type. In this way, the Blade System View reflects a real and current picture of the SuperBlade modules. Each module icon in the Blade System View can be clicked to show a detailed list of functions in the bottom (Module User Interface) window. The Summary section can be viewed here as well. The Module window allows a user to get more information and send additional commands to the blade modules.

Clicking the **Detach** button () will detach the window to a separate window (Figure 2-3). This is useful for continual monitoring of a specific blade module.

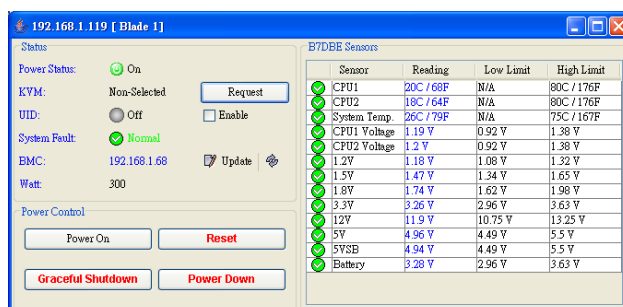


Figure 2-3

2.3.1 Blade System View

The Blade System View (Figure 2-4) provides an overview of the SuperBlade.

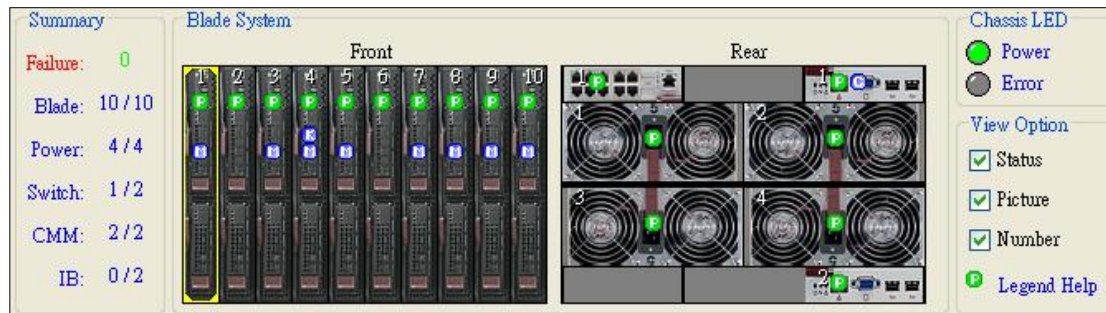


Figure 2-4

There are four sections in the Blade System View:

- **Summary:** Shows a summary of failures and how many of each type of module have been installed. The Failure, Blade, Power and Switch items are shown in greater detail in the Module window.
- **Blade System:** The Blade System View shows both front and rear views of the blade system. The front view shows blade module status while the rear view shows the status of the power supply, gigabit switch, InfiniBand and CMM. A yellow rectangle appears around an icon when it is selected (Figure 2-4). Each module has symbols to display its current status. Each SuperBlade module may display one or more symbols. Refer to the Legend Help (Figure 2-4) to determine the meaning of a symbol. (Click **Legend Help** in the View Option window at the lower right area of the window to view the symbols and their meanings.)

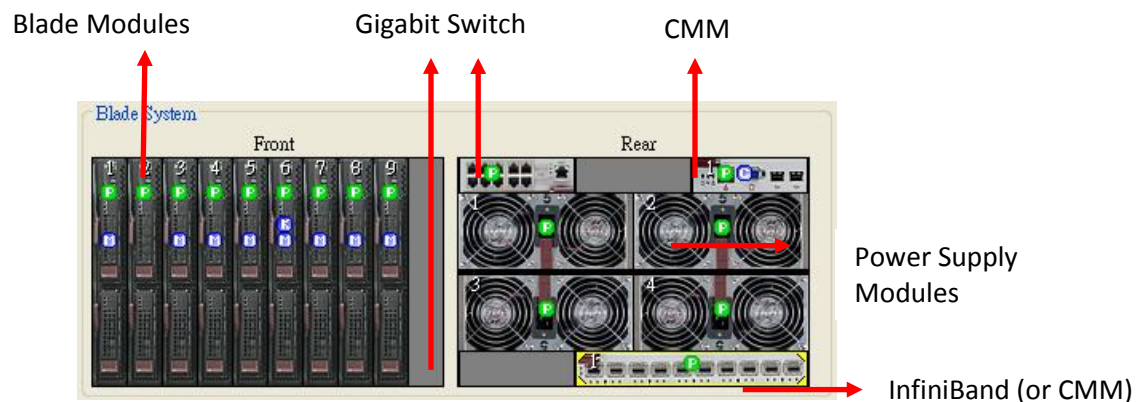


Figure 2-5 Blade Module Layout

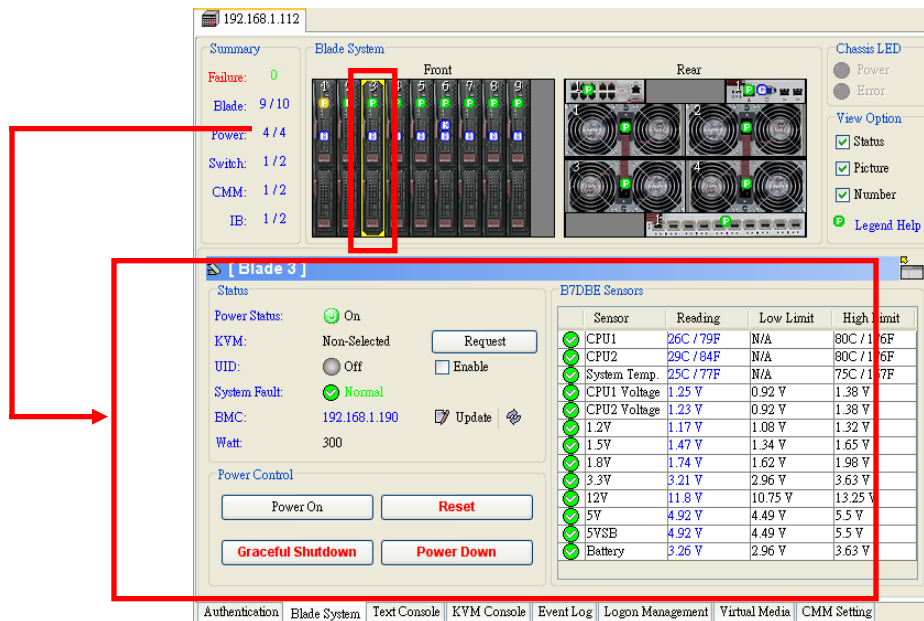


Figure 2-6 Selected Blade Module and Corresponding Management Windows

Chassis LED: Displays the status of the power and error LEDs of a SuperBlade chassis. The Power option shows the current Blade System power status. The Error option indicates a system over temperature or fan failure condition.

View Option: Allows a user to show or hide the status, picture and number of the module. Figure 2-7 and Figure 2-8 show the results of two different sets of View Options checked.

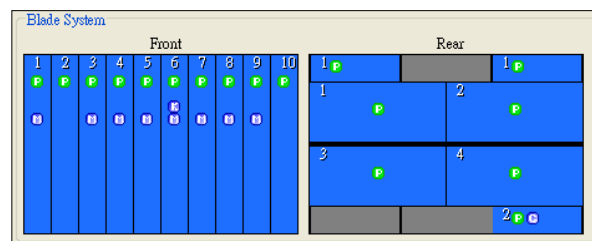


Figure 2-7 Show Status and Number, Hide Picture

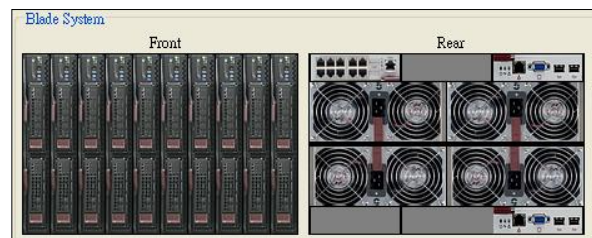


Figure 2-8 Only Show Picture

The Legend Help window also shows the various states. Note that the Fan Failure symbol turns red and blinks if a fan fails.

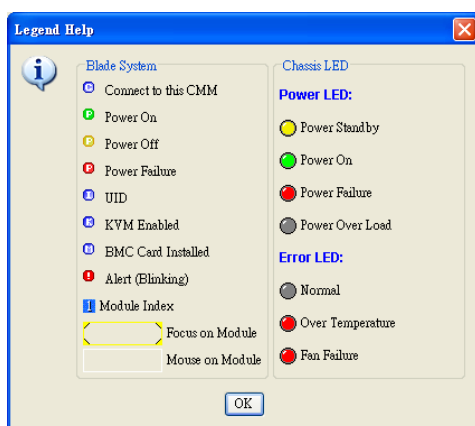


Figure 2-9 Legend Help

Popup Menus Supported: Allows a user to right-click a blade module to enable a popup menu to perform certain actions.

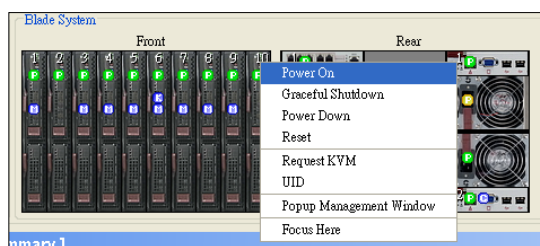


Figure 2-10 Blade Popup Menu

2.3.2 Blade

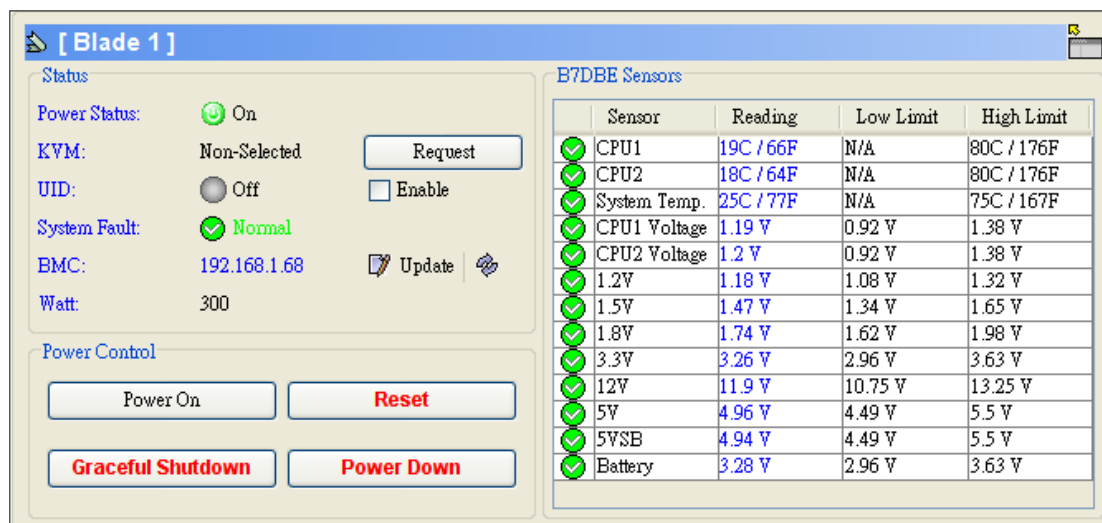


Figure 2-11 Blade

Click a blade module. The Blade window (Figure 2-11) appears in the Module section at the bottom of the screen. It contains the following:

Status

- **Power Status:** Shows the current power status. Indications include power on, power off and power fail status.
- **KVM:** Shows whether KVM is selected or not. Click the **Request** button to request KVM on this blade.
- **UID:** Shows the status of the UID LED. Check the “Enable” checkbox to enable or disable the UID. Once the UID is enabled, the UID LED on the blade panel will flash.
- **System Fault:** Indicates the system fault status.
- **BMC:** Shows BMC status. If a BMC is installed, the BMC IP address will appear here. Use the Update button (Update icon) to update the BMC IP address (Figure 2-12). Click the **Refresh** button (Refresh icon) to reload the BMC IP address. If a BMC is not installed, the message “not installed” appears, and the Update and Refresh buttons are both disabled.

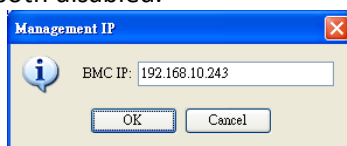


Figure 2-12 Updating the BMC IP Address

- **Watts:** Shows the estimated power consumption (wattage) of this blade. This is a static value supplied by BIOS.

Power Control

- **Power On:** Powers on the blade.
- **Reset:** Resets the blade.
- **Graceful Shutdown:** Performs a graceful shutdown on the blade.
- **Power Down:** Powers down the blade.

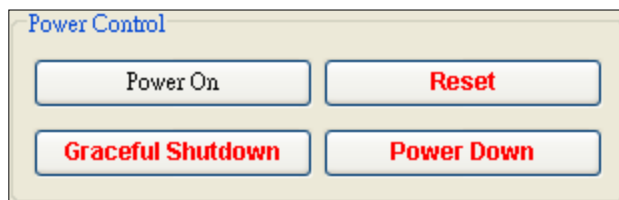




Figure 2-13 Power Control Buttons

Sensors

The header of the sensor table (Figure 2-14) displays the name of the blade motherboard. The sensor table shows the CPU(s), system temperature and voltages of the currently selected blade. The table headers indicate the status, sensor name, reading and the low and high limits. If the status reading of a sensor is normal, the reading is shown in blue and the symbol  appears. If a sensor status is out of range, the reading is shown in red and the symbol  appears. If the sensor is not present, the reading will be displayed as “N/A” and no symbols appear.



	Sensor	Reading	Low Limit	High Limit
	CPU1	35C / 95F	N/A	80C / 176F
	CPU2	N/A	N/A	80C / 176F
	System Temp.	36C / 97F	N/A	75C / 167F
	CPU1 Voltage	1.2 V	0.92 V	1.38 V
	CPU2 Voltage	N/A	0.92 V	1.38 V
	1.2V	1.18 V	1.08 V	1.32 V
	1.5V	1.47 V	1.34 V	1.65 V
	1.8V	1.76 V	1.62 V	1.98 V
	3.3V	3.26 V	2.96 V	3.63 V
	12V	11.9 V	10.75 V	13.25 V
	5V	4.94 V	4.49 V	5.5 V
	5VSB	4.89 V	4.49 V	5.5 V
	Battery	3.29 V	2.96 V	3.63 V

Figure 2-14 Blade Sensor Table

2.3.3 Power Supply

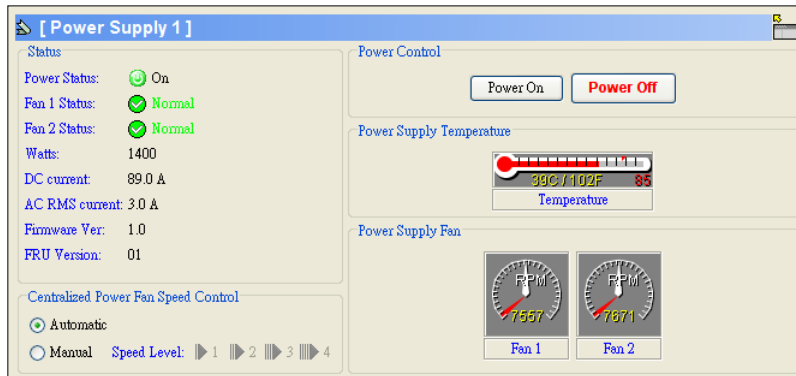


Figure 2-15 Power Supply

Clicking a power supply module displays the Power Supply UI in the Module window (Figure 2-15). This window includes the following:

Status

- **Power Status:** Shows the current power status: either power on, power off or power failure.
- **Fan 1 Status:** Shows the status of power supply fan 1 as normal or abnormal.
- **Fan 2 Status:** Shows the status of power supply fan 2 as normal or abnormal.
- **Watts:** Shows the total wattage provided by this power supply.
- **DC current:** Shows the DC current. (Only supported for 1400W power supplies.)
- **AC RMS current:** Shows the AC RMS current. (Only supported for 1400W power supplies.)
- **Firmware Ver:** Shows the power supply's firmware version.
- **FRU Version:** Shows the power supply's FRU version.

Centralized Power Fan Speed Control

Centralized Power Fan Speed Control is used to manage all power supply fans in the SuperBlade. The default is automatic fan speed control. When in automatic mode, the CMM will monitor system loading and optimize all fan speeds accordingly. The manual speed fan control mode allows a user to manually alter the speed of the power supply fans by clicking one of the arrow icons. Set to minimum speed by clicking the icon numbered "1" and to maximum speed by clicking the icon numbered "4". The icons numbered "2" and "3" are for incremental increases between the minimum and maximum settings. After changing the fan speed, you should see the fan rpm change in the status screen. These settings affect all fans simultaneously; you cannot control the speed of individual fans.

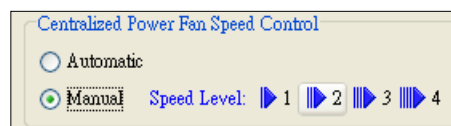


Figure 2-16 Centralized Power Fan Speed Control

Power Control

- **Power On:** Powers on the power supply.
- **Power Off:** Powers off the power supply.



Figure 2-17 Power Supply Control

Power Supply Temperature and Power Supply Fans

This displays the current power supply temperature and fan rpm. Please note that when one power supply is powered off, its fans will be driven by the other power supplies.

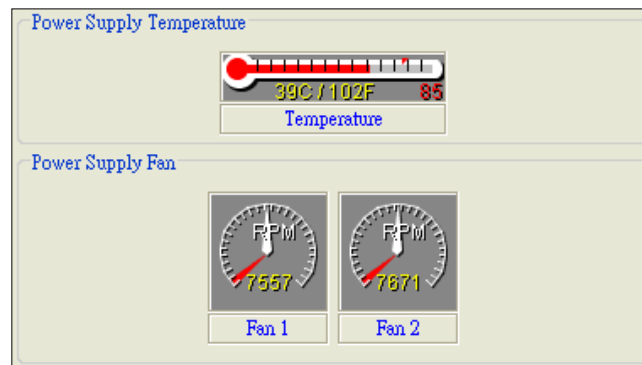


Figure 2-18 Power Supply Temperature and Fans

2.3.4 Gigabit Switch

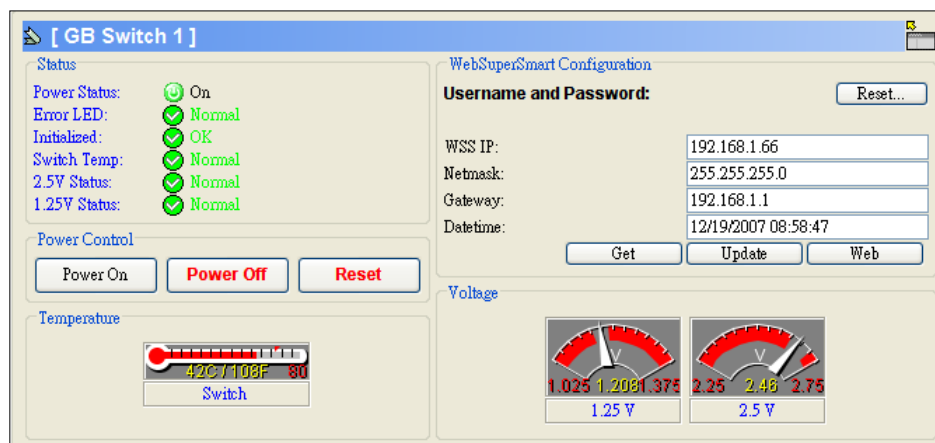


Figure 2-19 Gigabit Switch

Clicking a gigabit switch module will display the gigabit switch (Figure 2-19). This window includes the following:

Status

- **Power Status:** Shows the current power status of the selected gigabit switch: power on or power off.
- **Error LED:** Indicates a gigabit switch error.
- **Initialized:** Indicates that the gigabit switch has been initialized.
- **Switch Temp:** Shows the gigabit switch temperature status.
- **2.5V Status:** Shows the status of the 2.5 voltage level.
- **1.25V Status:** Shows status of the 1.25 voltage level.

Power Control

- **Power On:** Powers on the gigabit switch.
- **Power Off:** Powers off the gigabit switch.
- **Reset:** Resets the gigabit switch.

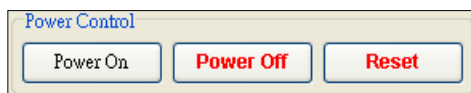


Figure 2-20 Gigabit Switch Power Control

Temperature

This shows the current temperature of the gigabit switch.

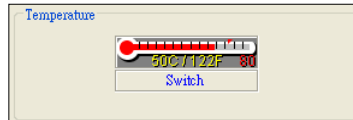


Figure 2-21 Gigabit Switch Temperature

Voltage

This shows the current voltage levels for the 1.25V and 2.5V voltages on gigabit switch.

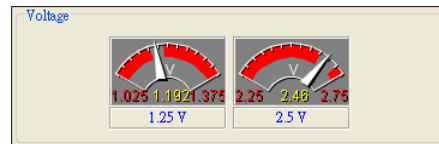


Figure 2-22 Gigabit Switch Voltages

WebSuperSmart Configuration

WebSuperSmart is a web interface used to manage the gigabit switch (Figure 2-23). With WebSuperSmart, a user can set the following gigabit switch data:

- **WSS IP:** IP address of the WebSuperSmart web engine.
- **Netmask:** Netmask address of the gigabit switch
- **Gateway:** Gateway address of the gigabit switch
- **Datetime:** Date and time settings for the gigabit switch

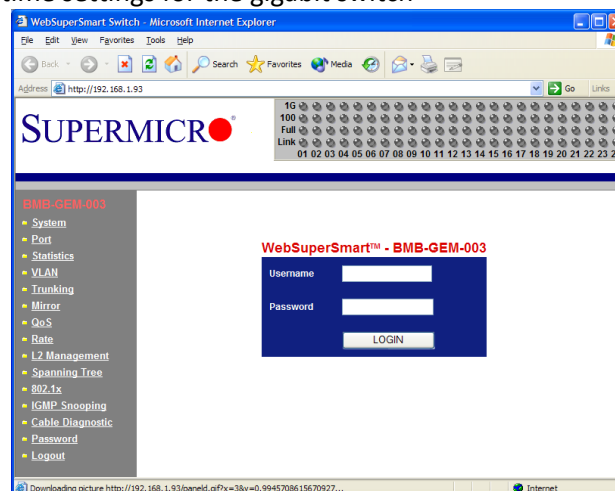


Figure 2-23 WebSuperSmart Web Interface

The “Get” button is used to immediately reload the gigabit switch settings. Clicking the **Update** button applies any address changes to the gigabit switch. Clicking the **Web** button will open a browser linked directly to the WSS IP (Figure 2-24).

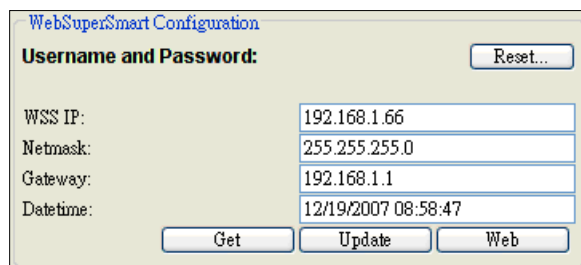
A dialog box titled "WebSuperSmart Configuration". It has a "Reset..." button in the top right. Below the title is a section "Username and Password:". The main area contains four labeled text boxes: "WSS IP:" with value "192.168.1.66", "Netmask:" with value "255.255.255.0", "Gateway:" with value "192.168.1.1", and "Datetime:" with value "12/19/2007 08:58:47". At the bottom are three buttons: "Get", "Update", and "Web".

Figure 2-24 WebSuperSmart Configuration

Click the **Reset...** button and a dialog box (Figure 2-25) appears to allow you reset the username and password. Input the Username, Password and Password Confirm and click **OK** to apply the changes to the gigabit switch. This only resets the username and password; it does not affect the gigabit switch login in IPMIView.

A dialog box titled "Username and Password Reset" with a close button (X) in the top right. It contains an information icon (i) on the left. To the right of the icon are three text boxes labeled "Username", "Password", and "Password Confirm". At the bottom are two buttons: "OK" and "Cancel".

Figure 2-25 Username and Password Reset



Note: Except for the WebSuperSmart configuration and Error LED, the interface for the gigabit Pass Thru module is the same as that for the gigabit switch. All modules are located at the same position in the SuperBlade enclosure.

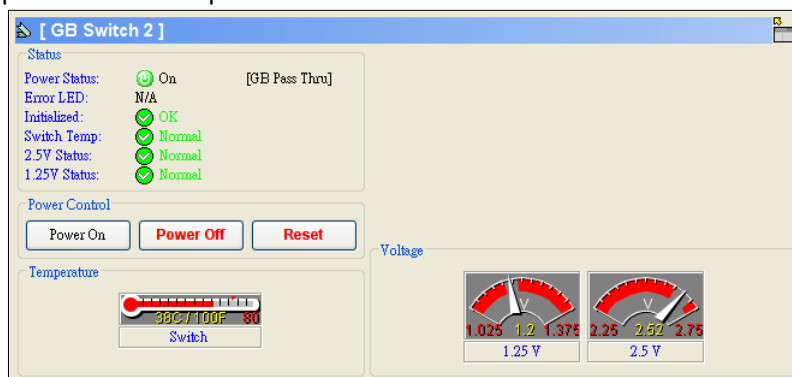
A window titled "[GB Switch 2]". It has a "Status" section with the following items: "Power Status:" with a green power icon and "On", "Error LED:" with "N/A", "Initialized:" with a green checkmark and "OK", "Switch Temp:" with a green checkmark and "Normal", "2.5V Status:" with a green checkmark and "Normal", and "1.25V Status:" with a green checkmark and "Normal". Below this is a "Power Control" section with three buttons: "Power On", "Power Off", and "Reset". At the bottom is a "Temperature" section with a thermometer graphic showing "38C / 100F" and a "Switch" label. To the right of the "Power Control" section is a "Voltage" section with two gauge-like displays: one for "1.25 V" showing values "1.025 1.2 1.375" and another for "2.5 V" showing values "2.25 2.52 2.75".

Figure 2-26 GB Pass Thru

2.3.5 CMM

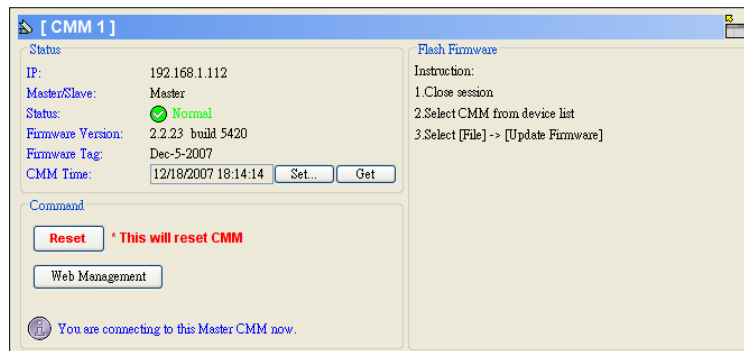


Figure 2-27 CMM

Click one of CMM modules, and the CMM window (Figure 2-27) appears. This window includes the following:

Status

- **IP:** Shows the CMM IP address.
- **Master/Slave:** Shows the CMM master/slave status. A master CMM has full management of the SuperBlade. A slave CMM is a backup to the master CMM.
- **Status:** Shows the CMM status.
- **Firmware Version:** Shows the CMM firmware version.
- **Firmware Tag:** Shows the CMM firmware tag.
- **CMM Time:** Shows the CMM time. The CMM time shown in the text field may not match the current time. Click the **Get** button to reload the CMM time immediately. Click **Set** to set the CMM time.

Setting the CMM Time

There are two way to set the CMM time: specifying the exact time and synchronizing with NTP server time. The User Specific Time option allows the user to enter time values for the CMM internal real-time clock. The Synchronizing with the NTP Server option allows your CMM real-time clock to synchronize with the NTP (Network Time Protocol) server. Enter the IP address for either the primary or secondary NTP server. The UTC Offset allows you to offset the UTC timer. Please note that daylight savings time cannot be automatically adjusted. Please manually set up the UTC offset twice a year to compensate for daylight savings time.

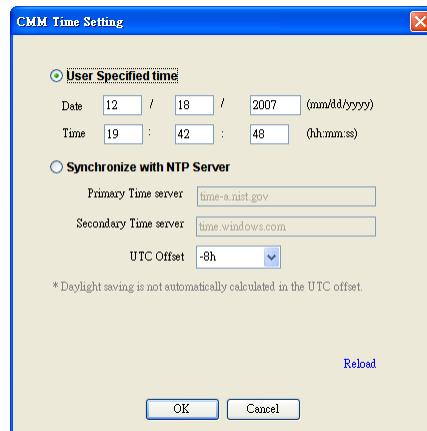


Figure 2-28 CMM Time Setting

Command and Information

- **Reset:** Resets the CMM. Once reset is clicked, IPMIView will automatically close the session.
- **Web Management:** Opens a browser that is linked to the CMM web interface (Figure 2-30).
- **CMM type:** Shows if the currently running CMM is a master or slave.

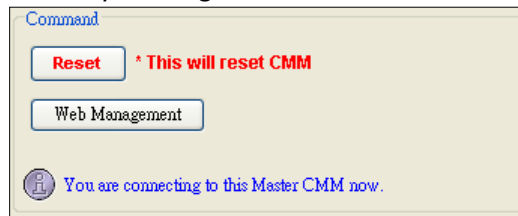


Figure 2-29 Command and Information

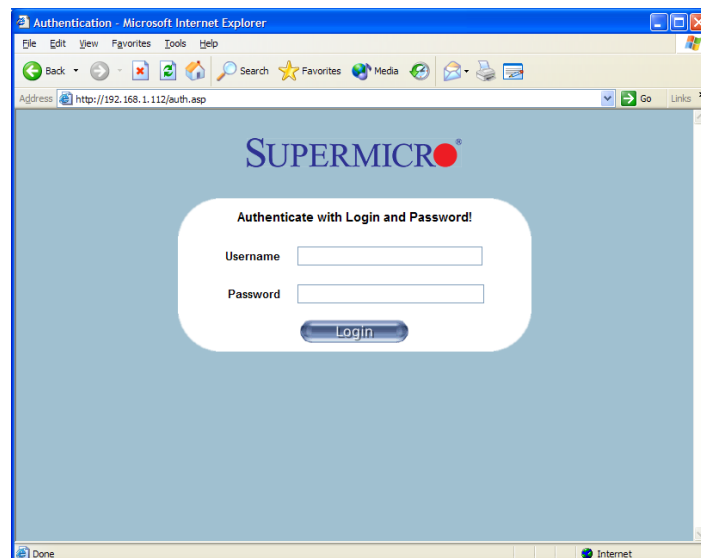


Figure 2-30 CMM Web Management Interface

Flashing Firmware

This section shows the steps to flash the firmware. Please refer to *Appendix F: ASPEED X10 Firmware Update* in the *Supermicro IPMIView User's Guide*.



Note: The CMM web interface also provides the flash firmware function.

Slave CMM

The Slave CMM provides less information on the CMM. Only IP, Master/Slave and Status information is shown.

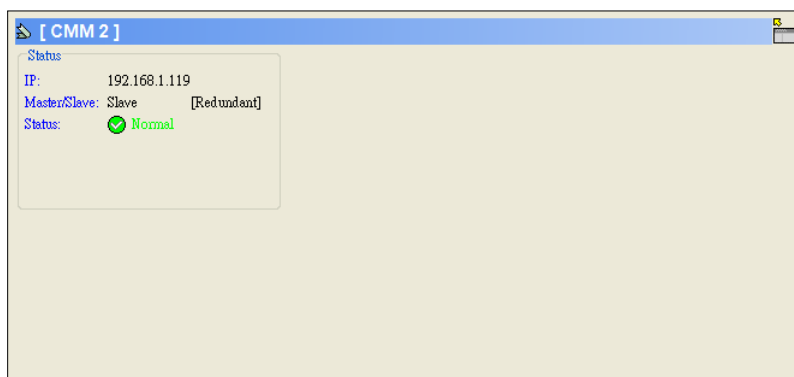


Figure 2-31 Slave CMM

2.3.6 InfiniBand

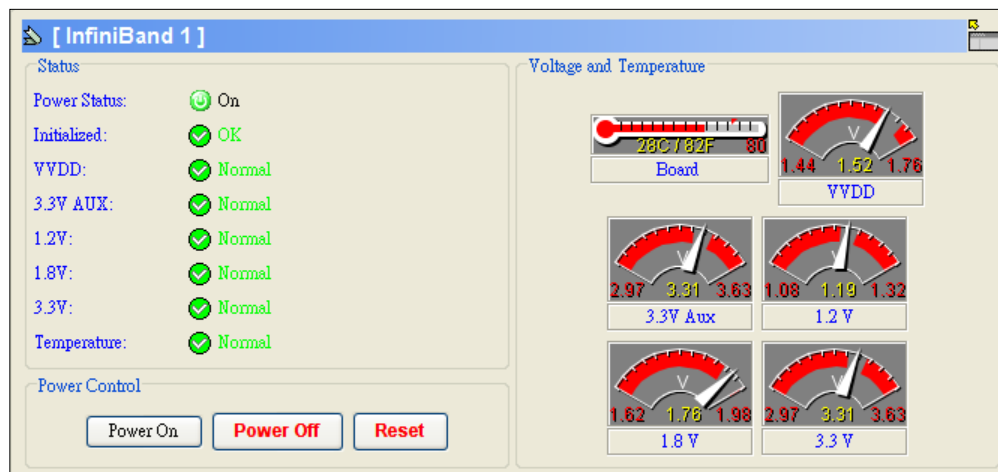


Figure 2-32 InfiniBand

Click one of InfiniBand modules and the InfiniBand window (Figure 2-32) appears. The options include the following:

Status

- **Power Status:** Shows the current InfiniBand power status: power on or power off.
- **Initialized:** Indicates that the InfiniBand has been initialized.
- **VVDD:** Shows the VVDD status of the InfiniBand.
- **3.3V Aux:** Shows the 3.3V aux. status.
- **1.2V:** Shows the 1.2V status.
- **1.8V:** Shows the 1.8V status.
- **3.3V:** Shows the 3.3V status.
- **Temperature:** Shows the temperature status.

Power Control

- **Power On:** Powers on the InfiniBand module.
- **Power Off:** Powers off the InfiniBand module.
- **Reset:** Resets the InfiniBand module.

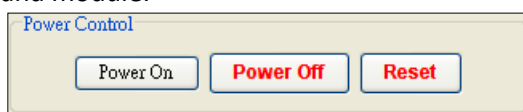


Figure 2-33 InfiniBand Power Control

Voltage and Temperature

This shows the readout of the current InfiniBand voltages and temperature. Specifically, these are VVDD, 3.3V aux, 1.2V, 1.8V, 3.3V and board temperature.

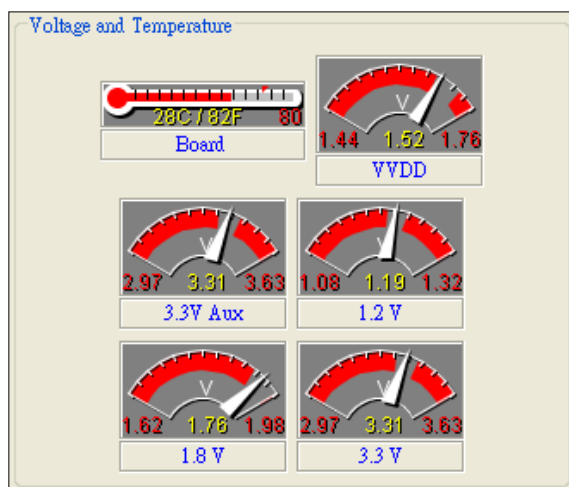





Figure 2-34 InfiniBand Temperature and Voltages

2.3.7 Failure Summary

The Failure Summary (Figure 2-35) is a list of failures that occurred in the SuperBlade system. The failure table shows the failure level, source, item, details and side info of the failure item. The failure location is a graph that shows the exact module and position. Click **Go** to switch the window to the failed module that is highlighted in the Failure table.

Click the **Refresh** () button to refresh the failure table. Click the **Save** () button to save the current failure table as a CSV text file. Click the **Clear** () button to clear the failure items in the current table.

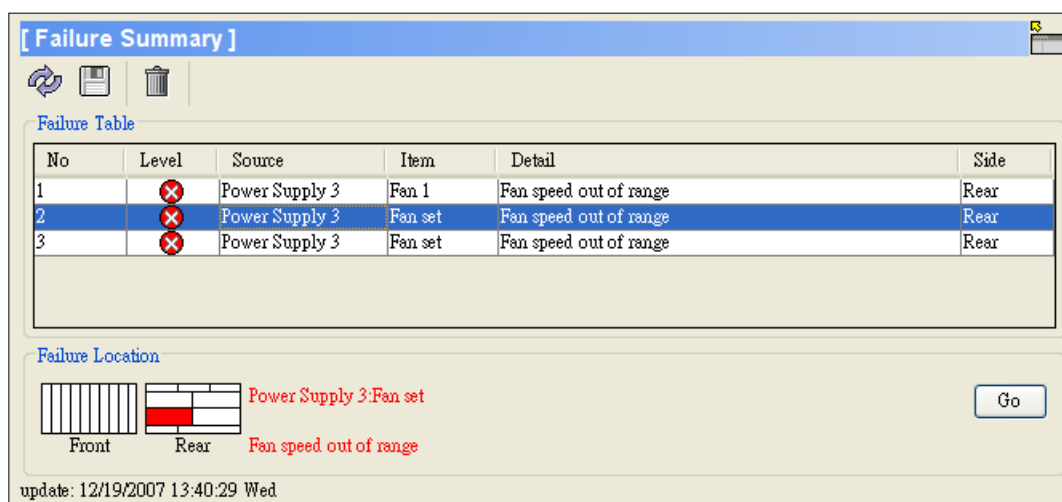


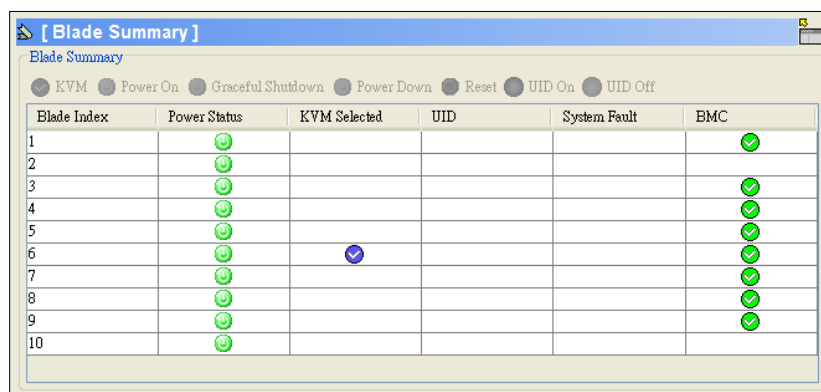
Figure 2-35 Failure Summary



Note: If a failure still exists, it will be displayed again the next time you refresh the table.

2.3.8 Blade Summary

The Blade Summary (Figure 2-36) provides an overview of all installed blades in the server. The summary table includes symbols for Power Status, KVM Selected, UID, System Fault and BMC status for users to quickly understand the overall blade status. A group management feature is also included. You can select multiple blades and send commands to perform power on, graceful shutdown, power down, reset, UID on and UID off functions by clicking the corresponding buttons. Note that you may only select one blade at a time for KVM.



Blade Index	Power Status	KVM Selected	UID	System Fault	BMC
1	⏻				✓
2	⏻				✓
3	⏻				✓
4	⏻				✓
5	⏻				✓
6	⏻	⌚			✓
7	⏻				✓
8	⏻				✓
9	⏻				✓
10	⏻				✓

Figure 2-36 Blade Summary

2.3.9 Power Supply Summary

The Power Supply Summary (Figure 2-37) provides an overview of all installed power supplies. You can view the fans and temperatures of all power supplies in a single view. This is useful to observe the cooling status of a blade system. The Power Consumption section provides an estimation of power (wattage) use. Total Power indicates the total power provided by all installed power supplies that are currently turned on. Power Reserved indicates an estimation of the possible power usage consumed by the blades. Available is the amount of power that remains available to the system. If the available power wattage is insufficient, a blade may not be powered on.

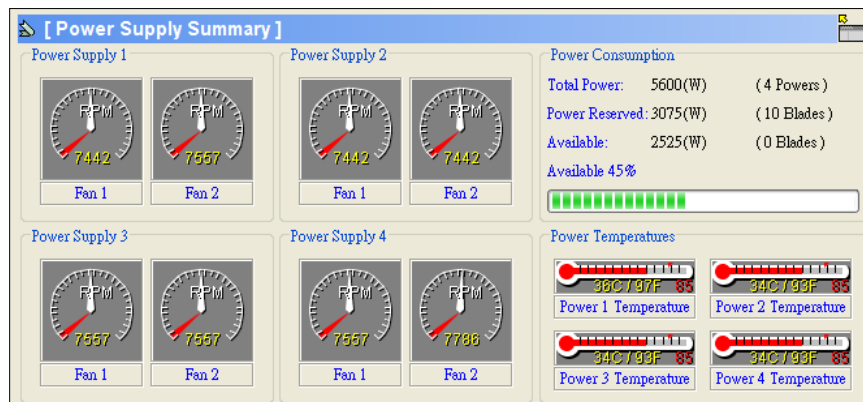


Figure 2-37 Power Supply Summary

2.3.10 Gigabit Switch Summary

The Gigabit Switch Summary (Figure 2-38) gives an overview of up to two installed gigabit switch (or GB pass thru) modules. Here, a user can see all the voltages, temperatures and switch status in a single view. Clicking the Web Management button will open a browser that is linked directly to the WSS IP.

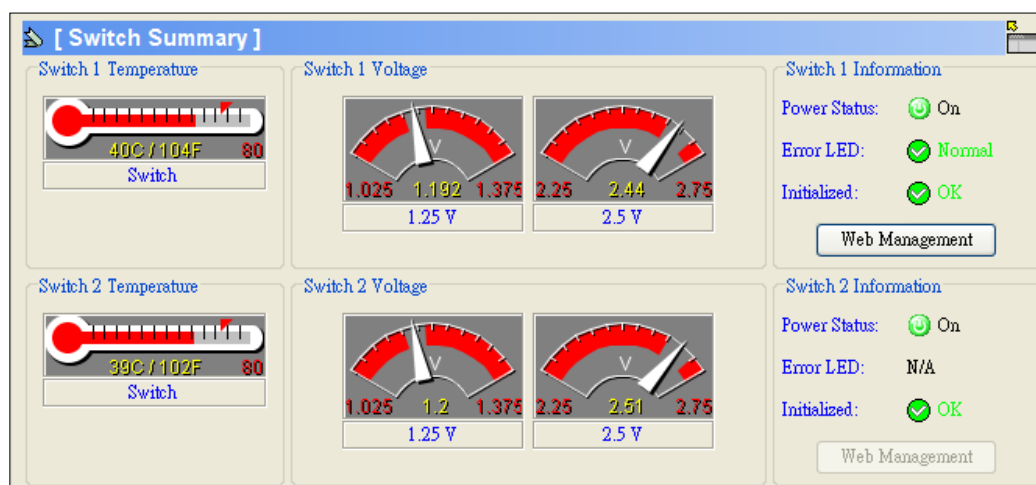


Figure 2-38 Gigabit Switch Summary

2.4 Text Console

The Text Console (SOL) is a basic function of IPMI and is provided by SuperBlade as well. Click the **Text Console** tab to show the window. Click the **Start** button at the bottom to initialize the text console connection. The UTF-8 checkbox allows the user to select a different UTF-8 character set to support multiple languages. Click the **Stop** button to stop the text console.

At the top are the Power and KVM control panels for the blades. You can click the **Power** button to power on, reset, initiate a graceful shutdown and power down the selected blade. The Power icons show the current blade power status. When the power is on, they turn green; when the power is off, they turn amber. The KVM icon shows the selected blade KVM. Click another KVM icon to switch to a blade you want to connect the text console.

Blade Power and KVM Control

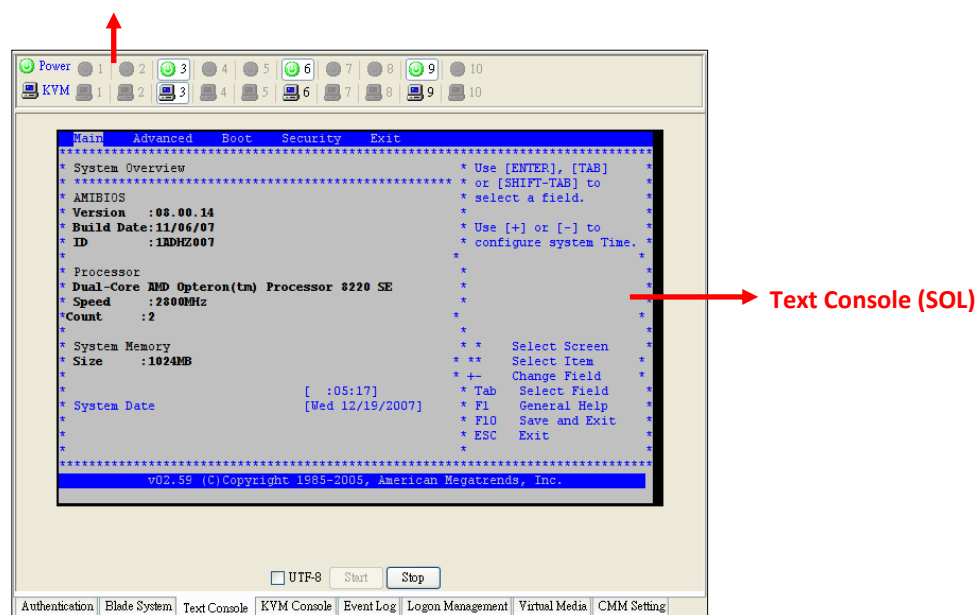




Figure 2-39 Text Console

When a blade is in a power on state (ex:  3), click the **Power** button and a dialog box (Figure 2-40) will appear. Here, the user can select the desired type of power control: Reset, Graceful Shutdown and Power Down. When a blade is in a power off state (ex:  3), clicking the power button will power on that blade immediately.

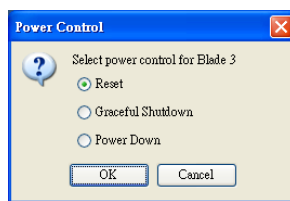


Figure 2-40 Power Control Dialog Box (in Power and KVM Control Panel)

2.5 KVM Console

The KVM Console provides a remote desktop for the user. This feature allows you to manipulate a blade remotely. The KVM Console tab has the blade power and KVM control panels as well. These offer the same functions as those in the Text Console tab.

In the video console panel, you will see the remote desktop of the selected blade. By clicking on another blade in the control panel, the video console panel will switch the display to the selected blade. For more video console detail, please refer to *Chapter 10 KVM Console (KVM-OverIP for Video Direction)* chapter in the *Supermicro IPMIView User's Guide*.

Blade Power and KVM Control Panel

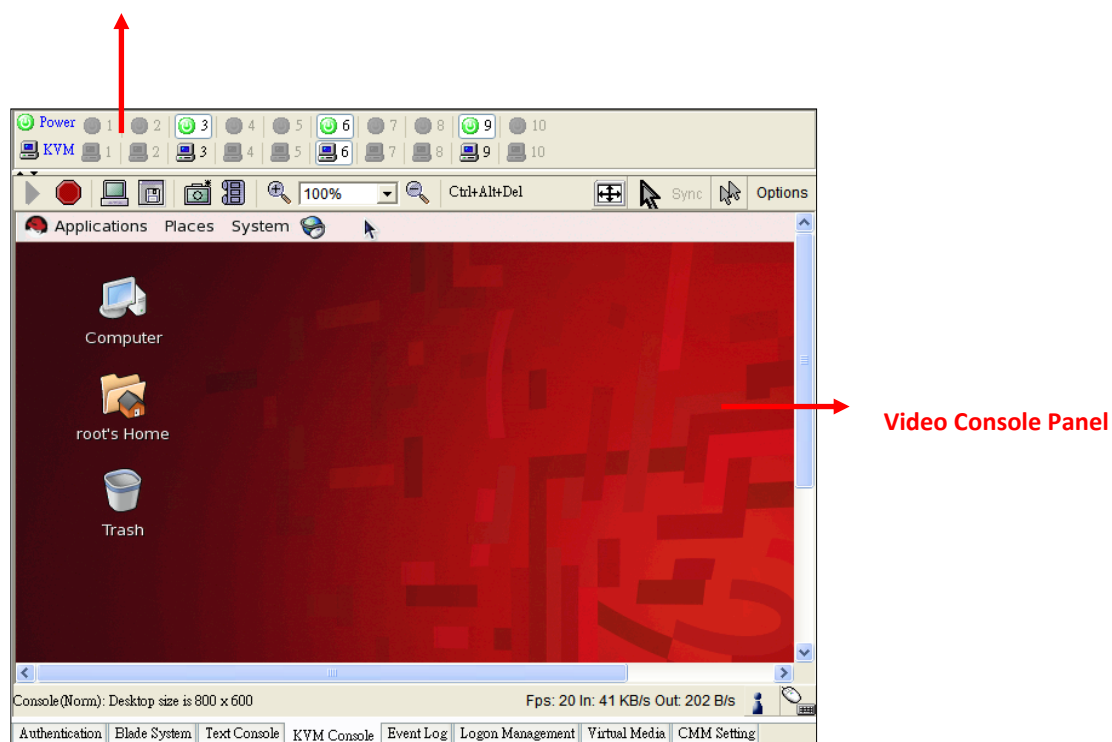


Figure 2-41 KVM Console

2.5.1 Changing the Keyboard/Mouse Settings

The keyboard/mouse may behave differently on different OS's. Select **Options**, then select **Keyboard/Mouse Setting ...** to change the keyboard and mouse settings.

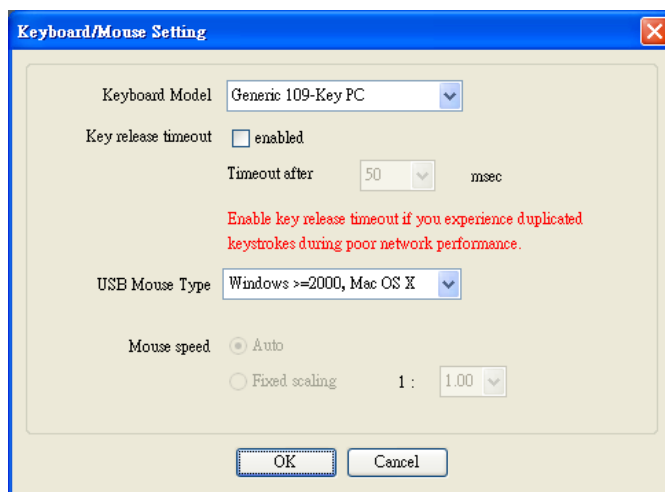





Figure 2-42 Keyboard/Mouse Settings

- **Keyboard Model:** Click the arrow to specify the type of keyboard from the pull-down menu.
- **Key Release Timeout:** Select this option to set a time limit for a key being pressed.
- **Timeout:** If the "Key Release Timeout" checkbox is selected, click the arrow to select the timeout setting in the pull-down menu.
- **USB Mouse Type:** For a USB mouse to function properly, click the arrow to select the correct operating system for your system from the pull-down menu. The options include Windows, Mac and Other Operating System. For Linux OS, please select **Other Operating System**.
- **Mouse Speed**
 - **Auto:** Allows your system to automatically set your mouse speed.
 - **Fixed scaling:** Allows you to manually set the mouse speed with the pull-down menu.

2.6 Event Log

The SuperBlade logs system events in the standard IPMI format. To see the event log (Figure 2-43), click the **Event Log** tab. At first, only SEL information will be loaded, which consists of Total Entries, SEL Version, Free Space, Recent Entry Added and Recent Entry Erased. In the Parameter for getting SEL window, the default is “All” to get the entire SEL log. This may be changed to From ____ to End ____ or to the last number of the SEL. After entering the parameters, click the **GET SEL** ( GetSEL) button on the tool bar to start loading SEL.

The SEL events table categorizes events according to Time Stamp, Type, Sensor and Event Type. The maximum number of SEL table entries is 512. If this number is exceeded, you may click the **Save** ( Save) button to save it as a backup file. Clicking the **Delete** ( Delete) button will delete all SEL events.







 GetSEL  Refresh  Save  Delete				
SEL Events				
Event	Time Stamp	Type	Sensor	Event Type
1	12/05/1999 00:14:50 Sun	Power Supply	Power Suppl...	Assertion: Power Supply 3, Event = Fan error
2	12/05/1999 00:18:59 Sun	Power Supply	Power Suppl...	Assertion: Power Supply 3, Event = Fan error
3	12/05/1999 00:20:14 Sun	Power Supply	Power Suppl...	Assertion: Power Supply 3, Event = Fan error
4	12/05/1999 00:41:25 Sun	Power Supply	Power Suppl...	Assertion: Power Supply 3, Event = Fan error
5	12/03/2007 07:41:28 Mon	Power Supply	Power Suppl...	Assertion: Power Supply 3, Event = Fan error
6	12/12/2007 09:13:56 Wed	Blade	Blade 1	Assertion: Blade 1, Event = overheat
7	12/12/2007 09:14:00 Wed	Blade	Blade 1	Assertion: Blade 1, Event = overheat
8	12/12/2007 09:14:01 Wed	Blade	Blade 1	Assertion: Blade 1, Event = overheat
9	12/12/2007 09:23:34 Wed	Blade	Blade 1	Assertion: Blade 1, Event = overheat
10	12/12/2007 09:23:36 Wed	Blade	Blade 1	Assertion: Blade 1, Event = overheat
11	12/12/2007 09:23:37 Wed	Blade	Blade 1	Assertion: Blade 1, Event = overheat
12	12/12/2007 09:23:38 Wed	Blade	Blade 1	Assertion: Blade 1, Event = overheat
13	12/12/2007 09:23:42 Wed	Blade	Blade 1	Assertion: Blade 1, Event = overheat
14	12/12/2007 09:23:43 Wed	Blade	Blade 1	Assertion: Blade 1, Event = overheat
15	12/12/2007 09:23:43 Wed	Blade	Blade 1	Assertion: Blade 1, Event = overheat
16	12/12/2007 09:23:49 Wed	Blade	Blade 1	Assertion: Blade 1, Event = overheat
17	12/12/2007 09:23:50 Wed	Blade	Blade 1	Assertion: Blade 1, Event = overheat
18	12/12/2007 09:23:51 Wed	Blade	Blade 1	Assertion: Blade 1, Event = overheat
19	12/12/2007 09:24:03 Wed	Blade	Blade 1	Assertion: Blade 1, Event = overheat
SEL Information Total Entries: 21 SEL Version: 1.5 Free Space: 7856 bytes Recent Entry Added: Pre-Init 00:00:00 Recent Entry Erased: Pre-Init 00:00:00				
Parameter for getting SEL <input checked="" type="radio"/> All <input type="radio"/> From <input type="text"/> To <input type="text"/> <input type="radio"/> Last <input type="text"/> event(s)				
Authentication Blade System Text Console KVM Console Event Log Logon Management Virtual Media CMM Setting				

Figure 2-43 System Event Log




Note: The Refresh ( Refresh) button only refreshes the SEL information. To reload SEL, please click the **Get SEL** ( GetSEL) button.

2.7 Logon Management

Click the **Logon Management** tab to manage users. A 63 maximum of user accounts can be listed.

Sequence	User Name	Privilege Level	Enable
2	ADMIN	Administrator	Yes
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
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63			

Figure 2-44 Logon Management Tab

Click the **Get User** ( Get User) button to retrieve the current user list. Each user has a Username, a Privilege Level and an Enable field. There are four types of Privilege Levels:

- **Administrator:** Accesses full functions.
- **Operator:** Accesses full functions except for logon management.
- **User:** Accesses less functions. Unavailable functions will be hidden or disabled.
- **CallBack:** This is a reserved level. No functions are available.

If the Enable field is “No”, it means the user currently cannot login to the blade system. The administrator can change the Enable field to “Yes” to allow a user to log on.

To create a new user, click the **New User** ( New User) button. A new user dialog box (Figure 2-45) appears.

Add New User

Sequence: 3

UserName: jack

Password: [masked]

Password Confirm: [masked]

Privilege: Operator

OK Cancel

Figure 2-45 Add New User Dialog Box

The sequence specifies the order in the user list. Input the username, password, password confirmation and privilege level. A new user will then be listed in the table (Figure 2-46).

Sequence	User Name	Privilege Level	Enable
2	ADMIN	Administrator	Yes
3	jack	Operator	Yes
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			

Update User Data

Sequence: 3

User Name: jack

Privilege: Operator

☒ Enable User

Update

Update Password

User Name: jack

Password:

Password Confirm:

Update Password

Verify Login

Figure 2-46 Creating a New User

To delete a user, select a user in the user list table and click the **Delete** (Delete) button.

To edit the user data, select a user in the user list table. The user data will be shown in the right panel. In the Update User Data section, you can edit the username and privilege level. The Enable User option is used to enable or disable a user.

In the Update Password section, you can update the user's password. Click **Update Password** after you type and confirm a new password. It is suggested that the **Verify Login** button be clicked to check if the password update is successful. It is also helpful to check if the new user has been created.

A dialog box (Figure 2-47) appears after clicking **Verify Login**. Input the desired username and password. If the information is verified, a message "Login successfully" appears. If the verification fails, a message "Login failed" appears.

Verify Login

username: jack

Password: ****

OK Cancel

Figure 2-47 Verify Login

2.8 Virtual Media

The CMM module supports the use of two virtual drives. The function is the same as with a SIM IPMI device. Please refer to *Chapter 11 Virtual Media* in the *Supermicro IPMIView User's Guide*.

The screenshot shows the 'Virtual Media Status' window. It is divided into two main sections: 'Drive 1' and 'Drive 2'. Drive 1 is configured as 'Drive Redirection' with 'Read / Write mode: Read-Only' and 'IP: 192.168.10.115 (522764288 bytes)'. Drive 2 is currently 'Empty'. Below these, there are two configuration panels. The 'Floppy Image Upload' panel shows 'Drive: 2' selected, with 'Open' and 'Upload' buttons. The 'Floppy Image file' is 'C:\floppy.img', and a message says 'Upload floppy image done'. The 'CD-ROM Image on Windows Share' panel shows 'Drive: 2' selected, with a 'Set' button. It includes fields for 'Share host', 'Share name', 'Path to image', 'User (optional)', and 'Password (optional)'. At the bottom, the 'Drive Redirection' section shows 'Drive 1' with 'Connect Drive' and 'Connect ISO' buttons, and 'Using cd1.iso'. A message states 'ISO Drive Redirection established (cd1.iso)'. 'Drive 2' has 'Connect Drive' and 'Connect ISO' buttons, and is 'Not connected'. A message says 'Drive Redirection disconnected'. At the very bottom, there are buttons for 'Stop Drive 1', 'Stop Drive 2', and 'Refresh'. The bottom navigation bar includes 'Authentication', 'Blade System', 'Text Console', 'KVM Console', 'Event Log', 'Logon Management', 'Virtual Media' (which is highlighted), and 'CMM Setting'.

Figure 2-48 Virtual Media



Note: The virtual drive in the CMM module will be dedicated to the KVM selected blade. For example, if KVM is currently selected on blade 3, the virtual drive will be dedicated to blade 3 as a USB device. Once KVM switches to blade 6, the virtual drive in CMM will be dedicated to blade 6.

2.9 CMM Settings

The CMM Setting tab provides the LAN configuration, SNMP setting and CMM information (Figure 2-49). The LAN Configuration shows the current CMM IP, Gateway and Subnet Mask addresses. The CMM IP type can be set as a DHCP or static address.

The SNMP setting allows you specify the SNMP destination address to receive the SNMP trap from the CMM. Once the CMM detects a failure, it logs into SEL and immediately sends the SNMP trap to the desired destinations. Update the SNMP destinations by selecting from the SNMP list. The selected SNMP will then appear in the text field of the Selected IP. Update the SNMP destination by clicking the **Update** button. The Community String of the SNMP trap also can be updated. For more information on receiving traps, please refer to *Chapter 13 Trap Receiver* in the *Supermicro IPMIView User's Guide*.

The CMM Info shows the firmware version and tag. The Reset button can be clicked to reset the CMM. You may also see these commands and information in the CMM module in the Blade System tab.

The screenshot displays the CMM Settings interface with three main sections: LAN Configuration, SNMP, and CMM Info.

LAN Configuration: Includes a Refresh button, IP Address Source Type (DHCP or Static Address), IP Address (192.168.10.196), Gateway (192.168.10.250), Subnet Mask (255.255.255.0), and an Update button.

SNMP: Includes an SNMP Destination List table, a Selected IP field, and a Community String field.

Sequence	IP
1	192.168.10.115
2	0.0.0.0
3	0.0.0.0
4	0.0.0.0
5	0.0.0.0
6	0.0.0.0
7	0.0.0.0
8	0.0.0.0
9	0.0.0.0
10	0.0.0.0
11	0.0.0.0
12	0.0.0.0

Selected IP: 192.168.10.115 (with an Update button)

Community String: public (with an Update button)

CMM Info: Shows Firmware Version (2.2.23 build 5420) and Firmware Tag (Dec-12-07-snm2). Includes a Reset button with a warning: * This will reset CMM.

Navigation Bar: Authentication | Blade System | Text Console | KVM Console | Event Log | Logon Management | Virtual Media | CMM Setting

Figure 2-49 CMM Settings

3 Connecting to the Slave CMM

If you have installed two CMMs in one blade system, one CMM should be assigned as the master CMM and the other as the slave. You should connect to the master CMM for full-function management. However, you may also connect to the slave CMM to check the event log, manage the logon and change the CMM settings.

After logging in, you see fewer UIs in the slave CMM (Figure 3-1). These only include the Event Log, Logon Management and CMM Settings.

A yellow message at the bottom shows that the slave (Redundant) CMM is currently connected and displays a note to connect to the master CMM. Refer to the master CMM IP address given to connect to the master CMM.

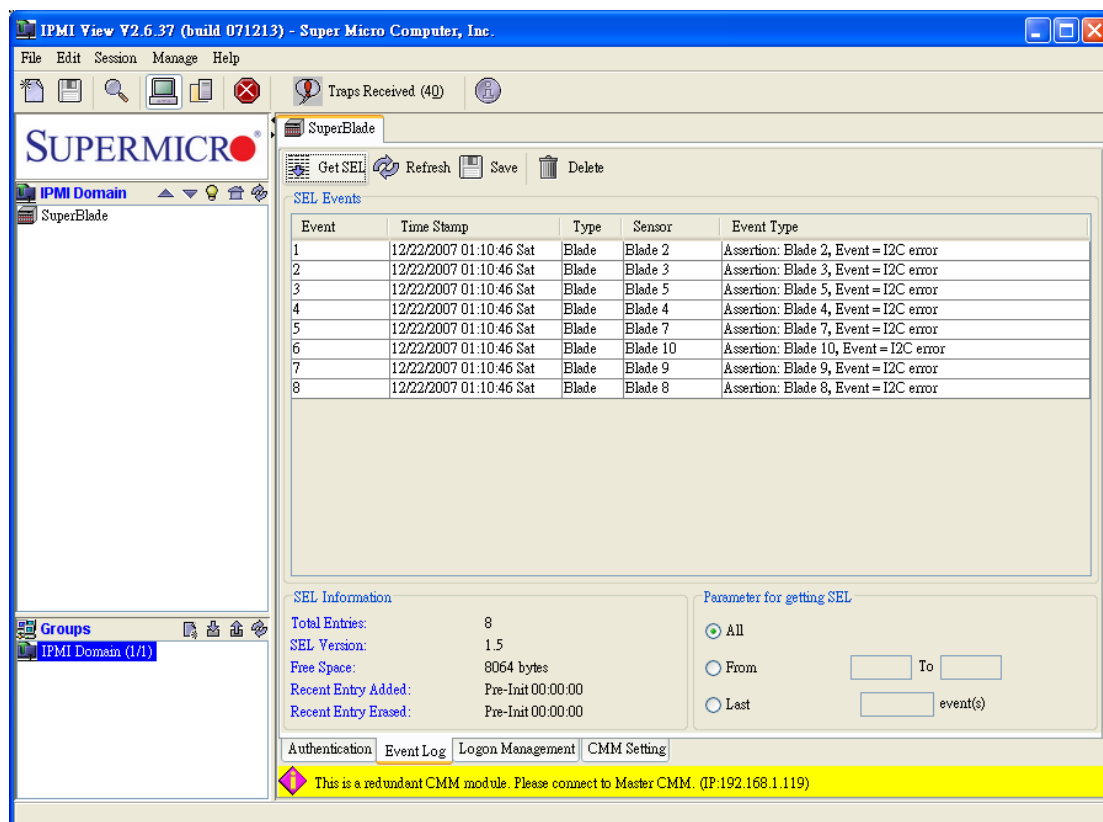


Figure 3-1 Connecting to Slave CMM

Contacting Supermicro

Headquarters

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Fax: +1 (408) 503-8008
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Website: www.supermicro.com

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